150

ing work was accomplished on the farm project: Completion of hay barn on the east farm; completion of the farmer's cottage; excavation for barn basement; water and steam pipes to the farm house and barn site. The connecting of these buildings with the steam and power plant will effect a saving in the future operation of the dairy.

During the biennium our private telephone line from the sanatorium to the exchange in the village of Walker was rebuilt. New poles with cross arms were placed, and new wires strung, which has improved our service with the exchange in Walker.

## NEEDS OF THE INSTITUTION

Appropriations are recommended for nurses' home, \$60,000; reconstruction farm buildings, \$4,000; cottage for superintendent, \$12,000; cottage for patients, \$40,000; clearing land, \$2,000; repairs, \$10,000; tile floors for porches, \$6,500; and underground heating connections, \$9,750.

Respectfully submitted,

P. M. HALL,

Superintendent.

# Hospital for Crippled Children, St. Paul

	surgeon-in-Chief Surgeon-in-Chief Superintendent - Dentist - Steward
Institution opened in 1911	
Capacity of institution	250
Area of grounds, acres	. 23
Value of lands and buildings	
Value of personal property	\$48,709.00
Expenditures for year ended June 30, 1928:	
Current expense	\$163,258.12
Repairs and replacements	\$4,304.51
Permanent improvements	\$16,630.27
Equipment	\$7,634.61
Miscellaneous	\$8,615.36
Gross per capita cost, current expense	\$703.70
Net per capita cost, current expense	\$703.65
Number of officers and employes	148

## To the State Board of Control:

The results attained during the biennium include a volume of work and record of interest from the outside that was little anticipated by those interested in the early years of the institution.

The fine cooperation of both the visiting staff and the resident house staff has made such a report possible. Cooperation of the Board of Control in supplying all material necessary in the operation of such an institution has much to do with the success of treatment.

It is my wish at this time to thank all members of the staff for the many hours of labor and loyalty to the institution. The orthopedic, pediatric, and eye, ear, nose and throat departments have been, perhaps, most active, but other departments have given freely, and when asked to visit the institution come at a sacrifice to their own professional time. Such spirit makes this institution possible, and no other profession, to my knowledge, gives so freely of its time to worthy institutions and individuals as the medical profession.

The influence of outside organizations, as the Junior League, luncheon clubs, individuals, corporations, churches, and gifts from interested friends, lead the staff to believe that their work warrants merit, and such encourage-

ment as evidenced by outside aid, and mentioned in this report, assure the staff that they are supported in their care of those physically handicapped in a material way.

The needs of the staff are few and are brought to the notice of the Board by the superintendent's report. At the present time, the institution is established, well equipped, and capable of running at capacity.

## RESIDENT HOUSE STAFF

Resident paid medical staff has been satisfactory, and we have been able to secure a resident, remaining at the institution for at least six months, with pay. Internes have been secured through rotation with various hospitals in the Twin Cities, and as it is impossible to secure a resident physician, or internes, without salary, the present arrangement should continue.

#### RESIDENT DENTIST

A resident paid part-time dentist has taken care of not only the hospital patients but also many in the out-patient department. This service has been going on for four years and an enormous amount of good work has been accomplished by this department.

#### PHYSIOTHERAPY

A great help has been given to the individual patient by the excellent care of four resident trained physiotherapists and their assistants. This department deserves great credit in accomplishing the excellent results of treatment the report shows, and encouragement to this department should be given on every opportunity.

#### SOCIAL SERVICE

The need of the establishment of a competent social service department is extremely necessary at this time. Investigation of financial condition before admission is necessary in conjunction with the investigation now made by the Board of Control. Supervision upon leaving the institution is extremely necessary in many cases. A competent social service department would relieve the institution of many individuals who, because of home surroundings and neglect in their home community, of necessity must remain as hospital patients. It is my desire that the Board of Control take necessary steps to make this department possible in the near future.

#### OUTSIDE CLINICS

Clinics for crippled and deformed children have been carried on through the Minnesota Public Health Association in conjunction with the Minnesota Orthopedic Club. Clinics in many neighborhoods have been entirely satisfactory when properly conducted under supervision, but on the whole they are not met with favor by the medical profession and others because of abuse largely due through incompetent supervision. A proper social service department could quickly correct the present evils and help make the demonstrations exceedingly useful to a community and benefit many handicapped children as they have in the past. Under proper supervision by a social service department, admitting those who are unable to pay for treatment or advice, I urge that these clinics, properly conducted, continue.

## CO-OPERATION OF OUTSIDE PHYSICIANS

We have in the past enjoyed coöperation from physicians in the home community in carefully preparing the application blanks without cost to the individual, and in many instances after-care has been supervised at home through these same physicians without cost to the individual. As chief of staff of this institution, I wish to thank the many doctors of Minnesota for their interest in the crippled of their community and their generosity in their after-care.

#### CONCLUSION

For the entire staff I wish to especially thank the Board of Control for their continued loyalty and unusual interest in this institution, always willing to cooperate in a material way and with suggestions.

Respectfully submitted,
CARL C. CHATTERTON,
Chief of Staff.

#### REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT

To the State Board of Control:

I submit herewith the biennial report of the Gillette State Hospital for Crippled Children for the period ended June 30, 1928.

## GROWTH OF THE INSTITUTION

The daily average attendance has increased slightly due to the fact that the hospital is occupied to full capacity. The number of patients treated has increased, due to a more rapid turnover. The time in the hospital has been reduced to an average of six and one-half months over seven and one-third months for the past biennial period and eight and one-half for the period ended four years ago. The waiting list on this date is 264.

The total hospital days for the biennial period is 171,185. The total hospital days for the previous biennial period was 160,068.

#### ORGANIZATION

Children whose parents are poor, who have been residents of Minnesota one year previous to the date of making application, and who have an orthopedic condition that can be helped by hospital treatment, are eligible for treatment after their application has been approved by the orthopedic staff and the State Board of Control. Application is made through their family physician, accompanied by a parent's statement in the form of an affidavit covering the financial situation of the family. Except in case of emergency, applicants are put on the waiting list and notified when there is room.

Emergency cases are cared for at once whenever possible, and applicants are requested to notify the superintendent or have their family physician do so when the case is considered an emergency.

There is no cost to the parents except the expense of bringing the child to the hospital, providing the clothing necessary while he is a patient, and coming for him when he is discharged. The first set of braces or appliances is furnished free of charge to the patient. If the parents are able to pay for braces or appliances needed later, they are requested to do so.

Children are admitted during minority. They receive care for all physical conditions after admission, except pulmonary tuberculosis, as well as for their orthopedic condition. A limited number of feeding cases are admitted, preferably infants under six months of age. Children remain in the hospital as long as they need hospital care, and are then discharged to the out-patient department with instructions to parents covering home care and later report to the hospital.

## HOSPITAL SERVICE

The medical students at the University of Minnesota come for lectures and clinics throughout the year.

For years this hospital was the only children's hospital in the state. The need for more hospitals has been demonstrated, and this need is being fulfilled. Although much has been accomplished in the past, it is the duty and privilege of the state to continue leadership and not rest on results of the past.

There has been a steady growth in the school of nursing—with special training in orthopedic and pediatric nursing—which provides for affiliation and post-graduate work. Since the work was started, in 1921, the results have been very gratifying.

The example set by the doctors who make the hospital possible through their generosity in freely giving of their time and skill has proved an inspiration and an incentive to those who are leaving sums of money for special purposes to the hospital.

The hospital has fulfilled the requirements of the American College of Surgeons, and has been in Class "A" since 1922, when it was first inspected by them. It is also on the approved list for internes' service of the

American Medical Association, and is a member of the American Hospital Association and the Children's Hospital Association of America. The school of nursing is fully accredited.

#### EDUCATIONAL WORK

While in the hospital all children physically able receive instruction in the school department, which includes kindergarten, grades and high school. Children who have completed the high school work may take University Extension work, a business course or some special course, depending upon their ability. Children are not admitted to attend school if not in need of hospital care.

The school department is inspected and accredited by the State Department of Education.

## RELIGIOUS INSTRUCTION

Religious instruction is given all children above the infant wards, with Sunday-school teachers from the various denominations who give their instruction in a regularly organized Sunday school every Sunday morning from 9:30 to 11:30, with children's church once a month each for Catholic, Lutheran, and general, which is made up of all other denominations. Children make their first communion and are confirmed in classes twice a year. Every effort is made to give the children as near a normal existence as it is possible to have in an institution, and to meet this situation much attention is given to the individual. It is not considered that the object of the hospital has been fulfilled when physical care has been given. Character-building is of as much importance to the child's future as correcting his deformity, and here both can be accomplished at the same time.

#### SOCIAL SERVICE DEPARTMENT

The follow-up work of the hospital is just about as important as the work accomplished here. We need two public health nurses with orthopedic training to work with local community nurses and welfare workers in home-visiting of former patients. We also need a stenographer to take care of the records and the out-patient records. There are now 2,790 out-patients reporting, concerning whom we should keep more accurate records than we are now able to do.

#### BUILDINGS AND IMPROVEMENTS

During the period, a boiler and a stoker have been added to the boiler room. An auxiliary motor fan drive, pipe covering where needed, and obsolete plumbing fixtures throughout the oldest part of the building have been replaced. Boilers were relined, and gutters and conduits were repaired and replaced where necessary. All walls and ceilings have been routinely paint-

ed. Linoleum floors were added in wards 5 and 6 and part of ward 8, also the second floor of the east wing. Sixteen cubicles were added to the wards, and a bathroom and linen closet to ward 8.

The old library was changed to rooms for student nurses, and plans for additional cement terraces and porch with outside entrance to the isolation department are completed, also additions to the laundry equipment. New furniture has been provided to furnish the new rooms and replace worn-out furniture throughout the house. Mattresses have been renovated and repaired for four wards.

We have added one new Alpine lamp and replaced one, and added one Burdick lamp, a fluoroscope, a stereoscope, and a new X-ray table, and helioglass, vitaglass, and quartzlite, in treatment rooms and solariums.

There has been the general upkeep and as much improvement of grounds as possible with little more than the salary of the yardman provided for this work. Private individuals and the city have been generous in donating stock for planting.

#### NEEDS OF THE INSTITUTION

Appropriations are requested for improving grounds, \$5,000; completion basement new wing, \$10,000; building alterations, \$7,500; cubicles, \$1,000; sun porch, \$6,000; brace-making shop, \$3,500; repairs, \$8,000; kitchen and bakery equipment, \$2,400; furniture and equipment, \$10,000; instruction and amusement, \$4,000; library, \$500; social service work, \$16,000; special appliances for patients, \$18,000; laboratory and operating equipment, \$4,000; nurses' home, \$50,000; and engine and generator, \$11,400.

## GIFTS, BEQUESTS AND DONATIONS

Gifts during this period include the swimming pool, made possible by a legacy left by Mrs. Alice Fraser Bigelow and Frederic R. Bigelow as a memorial to Frederic R. Bigelow Jr. Mrs. Bigelow left her money to be used "for the pleasure and comfort of the patients," and no use could have been conceived that would have provided the limit of both more than this beautiful memorial has. The entire cost was met by Mr. Bigelow, practically \$11,000.00.

Herman L. Benz has left \$2,500 to be used for permanent improvement. This will be available as soon as the will is probated.

E. J. Seitz has left one-half of his estate, which is listed as "in excess of \$70,000.00." This is also for permanent improvement, and will be available when the will is probated.

The Saint Paul Daily News collected and turned over in 1926 \$2,230.92; and in 1927, \$2,750.08; to be used primarily for Christmas and

to provide amusement throughout both years. This has also provided for playgrounds, tennis court for older children, the Daily News Garden at the east of the building, with sun terrace, piano, a projector for showing slides and post cards, music lessons for some who will benefit physically as well as musically, pets including three more parrots and a monkey, bird and animal books on their care, Boy and Girl Scout equipment for camp, extras for birthday parties given monthly in each ward throughout the year, special holiday entertainments, and busses to take the children to the State Fair and other places where transportation is not provided.

The income from the State Editors' Association and the State Bankers' Association endowment was given in 1927 to children doing outstanding work in the school department, \$5.00 each to 10 children. In 1928 the whole sum available, \$80.00, was awarded to a senior in the School of Journalism at the University. This young man has made an excellent record in the face of difficulties, and it seemed especially fitting that it should be given to one who is preparing to edit a country newspaper.

The Third House donated \$119.00 to the amusement fund.

The Saint Paul Barbers' Union came once in two months and cut hair on Sunday morning.

Each year the State Fair Board gave tickets of admission to the grounds and the grandstand to as many as could attend.

The Saint Paul Art School has given scholarships to our talented children, and has furnished instruction for specially talented children.

The Boy Scout leader has given regularly of his time to direct the work of our troops.

Those giving of their time are the following:

The Ramsey County Medical Auxiliary: Mending, sewing, bookmending and binding, music lessons, assistance in the school department, and entertainments.

The Masonic Women: Sewing, mending, scrapbooks, books, and magazines.

The Dome Club: Mending, sewing, and new garments.

The Saint Paul Junior League: Sewing, entertainment, special visitors, automobiles for rides, and assistance in the dispensary and clerical work.

Churches: Scrapbooks and picture books, Bibles, Sunday-school papers, magazines.

Schools and Red Cross organizations: Wild flowers, plants, books, toys, and useful articles.

Catholic organizations provide teachers for Sunday school, music for religious services, and toys and games for the children at Christmas.

Lutheran organizations provide teachers for Sunday school, gifts of religious books for their children at Christmas, fruit, and useful articles.

Musical organizations of Saint Paul furnish musical entertainments, seats and transportation to the Children's Symphony, and band and orchestra concerts at the hospital throughout the year.

P. W. Herzog furnishes his large automobile with chauffeur three afternoons each week to take children driving.

A party is given annually by the state employes at the State Capitol, when gifts and fruit are distributed and a wonderful entertainment is put on. Transportation from and back to the hospital is furnished, and this party is looked forward to as one of the outstanding treats of the year.

Many other gifts have been received that have been of benefit and have added to the happiness of the children under treatment.

It is most gratifying to know that so many people believe in the work we are carrying on to the extent of aiding it by their own effort and by leaving their money to be used to further the work being done.

#### CONCLUSION

I wish to express again our gratitude to the general public for their generous support and interest shown in the work by their coöperation and material help in every project for the improvement of the hospital and the happiness of the children; to the staff and employes for their efficient service; and to the medical and surgical staff whose interest never fails and extends to the welfare of the patients in more than their physical treatment; to the State Board of Control whose support, counsel and direction have helped put the work of the hospital in the front rank of leadership in all that a children's hospital should stand for.

Respectfully submitted,
ELIZABETH McGREGOR,
Superintendent.

# III. STATISTICS OF INSTITUTIONS

Age, Marital Condition, Nativity, and Parentage of Persons Admitted to State Institutions

Classification		Year Ende une 30, 19	ed	Year Ended June 30, 1927-		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	re 30, 19 Female	Tota
AGE GROUP						
Under 10 years	220	188	408	247	201	44
10 to 14 years	200	146	346	171	153	32
15 to 19 years	396	210	606	341	221	56
20 to 24 years	301	100	401	381	115	49
25 to 29 years	237	118	355	261	103	36
30 to 34 years	191	108	299	235	97	33
35 to 39 years	206	105	311	210	95	30
40 to 44 years	165	80	245	191	76	20
45 to 49 years	159	79	238	114	71	18
50 to 54 years	95	60	155	96	47	14
55 to 59 years	97	39	136	78	56	13
35 to 69 years	65	33	98	60	46	10
70 to 74 years	65 38	$\begin{array}{c} 33 \\ 21 \end{array}$	98	61	30	9
75 to 79 years	34	20	59	36	$\frac{15}{22}$	5
60 years and over	33	17	54 50	31 17	15	3
Age unknown	12	7	19	îí	7	j
Total admissions	2,514	1,364	3,878	2,541	1,370	3,91
MARITAL CONDITION						
Hingle	1,586	798	2,384	1,640	807	2,44
Married	680	415	1,095	664	384	1,04
Widowed	107	96	203	113	111	2:
Separated	46	16	62	28	24	
Divorced	79	30	109	7.5	41	1
Unascertained	16	9	25	21	3	2
Total admissions	2,514	1,364	3,878	2,541	1,370	3,91
NATIVITY						
United States	2,022	1,106	3,128	2,060	1,106	3,16
Africa				1		
Asia (Not otherwise specified)	25			2	:	
Selgium		11	36	29	11	4
Bohemia	7		1	3	1	
Canada (Includes Newfoundland)	35	<b>4</b> <b>2</b> 0	11	9	6	1
China	1	20	55 1	38	23	•
Oenmark	9	6	15	1 14	6	,
England	17	6	23	10	5	j
Europe ((Not otherwise specified)	Ŕ	š	11	8	ï	
inland	51	25	76	46	20	
rance	2	ĩ	3	2	1	
ermany	61	27	88	57	3 ธิ	9
treece	9	1	10	8	ĩ	
Iolland	4	$\tilde{\mathbf{z}}$	-6	6	ī	
Iungary	1		i	3	$\tilde{2}$	
reland	14	6	20	12	12	
taly	9	4	13	10	1	i
dexico	. 6		6	5		
lorway	65	48	113	63	50	11
Poland	19	14	33	13	6	1
Coumania		1	1	3		
ussia	13	10	23	15	2	1
cotland	4	1	5	4	3	
South America					, 1	
pain		.1	1			
	88	42	130	86	46	13
Sweden	3	3	6	3		
wedenwitzerland				2		
wedenwitzerlandvirkey in Europe						
weden witzerland urkey in Europe				;:	1	
wedenwitzerland	 8 32	 4 18	12 50	11 17	10 16	5
weden witzerland urkey in Europe falss ther countries			12		10	

# Gillette State Hospital for Crippled Children

Classification		ear Ende ine 30, 19	d 28	Year Ended June 30, 1927——		
Old Edition	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Tota
POPULATION						
In institution at beginning of year	109	119	228	108	125	23
Admitted	125	112	237	107	108	21
Fransferred from out-patient department,	88	106	194	68	92	16
Total under care	322	337	659	283	325	60
Died	5	5	10	3	6	
Transferred to out-patient department In institution at end of year	197 120	202 130	399 250	171 109	200 119	37 22
Average population	115	117	232	117	117	23
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Admitted as out-patients	31	25	56	22	21	4
AGE GROUP						
Under 1 year	13	7	20	14	5 5	1
l year	5	5 7	10 18	9	5 9	1
years	11 11	10	21	8	7	1
years	10	8	18	5	6	1
to 7 years	24	17	41	14	22	3
8 to 10 years	23 22	20 36	43 58	22 21	19 23	4
11 to 13 years	27	16	43	20	23 21	4
14 to 16 years	- 9	10	19	7	12	ī
21 years and over	1	1	2			
Total admissions	156	137	293	129	129	25
NATIVITY						
United States	151	130	281	125	124	24
Austria		1	1			
Europe (not otherwise specified)		2	2		1	
Finland	2	1	3	1		
Germany	1	1	2			
Holland				1	1	
Italy		1	1	2		
Mexico	2		2			
Russia					1	
Spain		1	1		1	
Total admissions	156	137	293	129	129	25
PARENTAGE						
Native parentage	117	91	208	103	89	19
Mixed parentage	30 30	22 24	31 54	19 7	12 28	3
Total admissions	156	137	293	129	129	25
•						
CONDITION ON TRANSFER TO OUT-PATIENT DEPARTMENT						
Jured	12	16	28	8	13	2
mproved	175	172	347	160	181	34
Jnimproved	2	.2	4	2	3	
Untreated	8 5	12 5	20 10	1 3	3	
VIOR +					6	
Total	202	207	409	174	206	38

# Gillette State Hospital for Crippled Children-Continued

Classification			ed 928		Year Ended June 30, 1927-		
			Total		Female		
DURATION OF STAY OF PATIEN	TS						
Less than 3 months	76	84	160	55	74	129	
3 to 5 months	47	42	89	44	42	86	
to 12 months	42	55	97	49	60	109	
year but less than 2	22	22	44	19	25	44	
years but less than 3	9	3	12	2	2	4	
3 years and over	6	1	7	5	3	8	
Total	202	207	409	174	206	380	
10/01	202	201	****	114	200	300	

## OPERATIONS FROM JULY 1, 1926, TO JUNE 30, 1928

Adenoidectomy	1	Myotomy	5
Amputation	5	Neurectomy	5
Appendectomy	5	Osteoclasia	
Artero-venous aneuripin	ĭ	Osteotomy	
Arthrodesis	27	Osteomyelitis	9
Arthrodesis-Hoke	$\tilde{1}\dot{2}$	Paracentesis	ĭ
Arthrodesis-subastragalas	40	Pelvial lithotomy	ī
Arthrodesis-triple	ĩš	Plastic repair	
Arthroplasty	ž	Plastic surgery	2
Arthrotomy	ī	Posterior capsulotomy	1
Aspiration	î	Reconstruction	2
Astragalectomy	ลิ	Reduction of fracture	- 6
Bennett	ĭ	Reduction of hip-closed	ĭ
Bleeders tied	î	Reduction of hip-open	19
Blood transfusion	î	Removal of cyst	ž
Bone block	5	Removal of eyeball	ī
Bone graft-Albee	7	Removal of foreign body	
Circumcision	24	Removal of hemangioma	3
Cleft lips and palate-congenital	3	Removal of hypertrophied portion labia,	1
Cleft nalate-renair	15	Removal of lead shot	2
Cleft palate-repair Correction of bowing deformity	1	Removal of sequestrae	Ā
Currettement of sinus	6	Removal of tissue	ī
Drainage of abacess	ĭ	Repair alveolar process	ĩ
Excision-osteome	ā	Repair-hypospadia	ī
Excision-scar tissue	ĭ	Repair-lip	
Excision-tumor	2	Replacement-tendons	
Exploration	4	Resection of antrum	$\bar{2}$
Extraction of teeth	5	Resection of knee	3
Fasciotomy	5	Resection of rib	ī
Fusion-hip	ĭ	Sequestrectomy	16
Fusion-spine	17	Shelving hip-Albee	4
Herniotomy	- i	Skin graft	3
Hibbs-foot	î	Soutter	- 5
Incision and drainage	15	Stabilization	2
Incision metatarsal for diagnosis	1	Station	
Ingrown toe nail	2	Stripping oscalces	9
Insertion Steinman pin	10	Tasciotomy	ĩ
Lengthening-abductor	ì	Tendon transference	20
Lengthening heel cord	î	Tenotomy	18
Lengthening neer cord			32
Lengthening-muscle	1 2	Tonsillectomy and adenoidectomy	
Lengthening-pronator radii	1		205
Lengthening-quadriceps extensors	27	Transplantation-hamstring	4
Lengthening-tendon	79	Transplantation-tendon	2
Manipulations			12
Mastoidectomy Mold to hand	4	Wrenching of foot	12
Moid to usud	1	<b>!</b>	

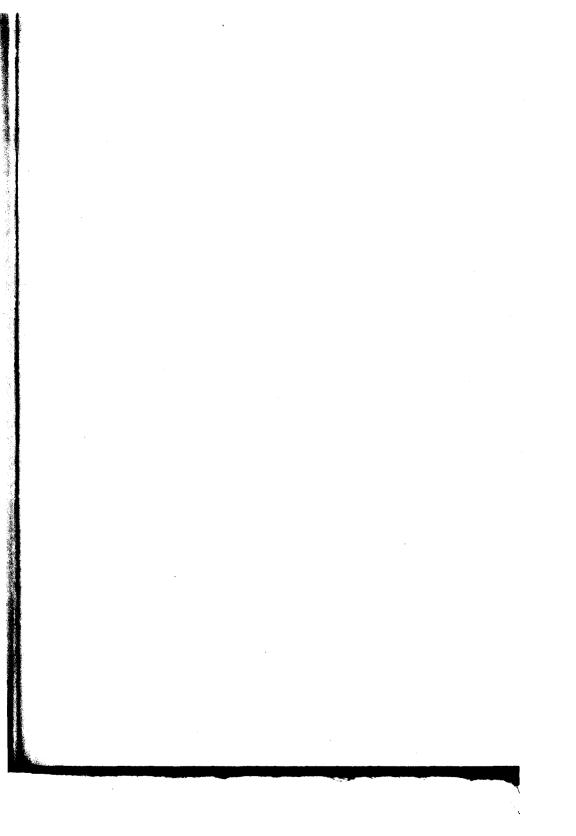
## BRACES AND APPLIANCES FROM JULY 1, 1926, TO JUNE 30, 1928

Spencer corsets 22 Spencer corsets repaired and adjusted 9 Thomas splints 7 Special shoes 57 Shoes repaired and adjusted 996	New braces         456           New jackets         169           Apparatus for use in wards         383           Artificial legs         3
Jackets repaired and adjusted 231	Artificial legs adjusted and repaired 8

# Gillette State Hospital for Crippled Children-Concluded

## X-RAY AND LABORATORY WORK FROM JULY 1, 1926, TO JUNE 30, 1928

House patients: Muscle tests Suspensions Treatments Disthermy Swimming pool treatments Swimming pool tessons Out-patient department: Muscle tests Treatments Treatments Carbon are MISCELLANEOUS FROM	19,100 304 478 1,048 48 825 60 152	Alpine lamp  Burdick lamp  Carbon arc  Kromayer lamp  Quartz lite  Vita glass  Helio glass  Y 1, 1926, TO JUNE 30, 1928	17,32 6,91 61 2,22 2,71
Muscle tests Suspensions Treatments Diathermy Swimming pool treatments Out-patient department: Muscle tests Treatments	19,100 304 478 1.048 48 825 60	Alpine lamp  Burdick lamp  Carbon arc  Kromayer lamp  Quartz lite  Vita glass	17,32 6,91 61 2,22 2,71
Muscle tests Suspensions Treatments Diathermy Swimming pool treatments Out-patient department: Muscle tests Treatments	19,100 304 478 1.048 48 825 60	Alpine lamp  Burdick lamp  Carbon arc  Kromayer lamp  Quartz lite  Vita glass	17,32 6,91 61 2,22 2,71
Muscle tests Suspensions Treatments Diathermy Swimming pool treatments Out-patient department: Muscle tests Treatments	19,100 304 478 1,048 48 825	Alpine lamp  Burdick lamp  Carbon arc  Kromayer lamp  Quartz lite	17,32 6,91 61 2,22 2,71
Muscle tests Suspensions Treatments Diathermy Swimming pool treatments Swimming pool lessons Out-patient department:	19,100 304 478 1.048	Alpine lamp Burdick lamp Carbon arc Kromayer lamp	17,32 6,91 61 2,23
Muscle tests Suspensions Treatments Disthermy Swimming pool treatments	19,100 304 478	Alpine lamp Burdick lamp Carbon are	17,32 6,91
Muscle tests Suspensions Treatments Disthermy Swimming pool treatments	19,100 304 478	Alpine lampBurdick lamp	17,32 6,91
Muscle tests Suspensions Treatments Disthermy	19,100 304	Alpine lamp	17,32
Muscle tests Suspensions Treatments	19,100	Alpine lamp	17,32
Muscle tests	6,082		
House patients: Muscle tests		Direct sun treatment	7.1
House natients:	289	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	m 4
	,	Heliotherapy:	
PHYSIOTHERAPY FR	OM JUL	Y 1, 1926, TO JUNE 30, 1928	
Deciduous teeth	314	Lower jaw refractured and set	· 
Number of extractions:		-	
Synthetic porcelain	586	Number of partial dentures	
Cement	369	Number of orthodontia visits	
Number of fillings: Amalgam	1 381	Number of orthodontia cases	-
Number of prophylaxis Number of fillings:		Number of pyorrhea treatments	. !
Number of patients treated		Permanent teeth	
DENTAL WORK FROM	M JULY	1, 1926, TO JUNE 30, 1928	
	~~		
Globulin	20 20	Smallpox vaccine	
Colloidal gold	20 20	Typhoid vaccine	80
Cell counts	20	vaccine	9
Spinal fluids:		Combined scarlet fever and diphtheria	
Microscopic	94	Scarlet toxin	1
Gross	68	Dick Toxin antitoxin	3 1
Cissues:	11	Schiek	4
Creatinin	11 11	Manteau	2
Non-protein nitrogen	11	Von Pirquet	*, <u>\$</u>
Blood augar	ii	X-ray therapyPhotographs taken	
Blood chemistry	11	Radiographic examinations	4,3
Cultures	17 11	X-ray department:	
Widal	5	Autopsies	
Vassermans	895	Basal metabolism	
Bleeding time	51	Nose and throat cultures	1.9
	683 676	VaccinesExudates:	1,5
Coagulation time	1,177	Sputum	1 2
White blood count Differential Coagulation time	1,033	Smears	7
Red blood count		Stool examinations	
White blood count	24	Gastric analysis	



Control Board Biennial Preport

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